English Learner Policy and Plan

2022 – 2023

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2 SOUTHERN NEVADA TRADES HIGH SCHOOL (SNTHS)

Southern Nevada Trades High School will provide families in the Las Vegas with a college and career preparatory high school option designed to support their children to graduation.

2.1 SCHOOL MISSION STATEMENT

Southern Nevada Trades High School (SNTHS) promotes excellence in academic and career and technical education, preparing students for post-secondary education and careers in construction related professions.

2.2 SCHOOL VISION STATEMENT

Through innovative career and technical training integrated with aligned academics, community partnerships, and individualized college and career-readiness planning, students' passions for learning are ignited and they are prepared for success in postsecondary education and the workplace.

- Integrated Curriculum: We believe that hands-on career technical education (CTE) – in the classroom, in the workshop, and on the job-site – prepares students with the knowledge and skills for successful futures in construction-related careers. We believe that pairing CTE with aligned academics provides students with the skills necessary to adapt and grow throughout their careers.
- Passion for Life-long Learning: We believe that the unique combination of CTE and aligned academics spark student passion for learning while encouraging other essential life skills such as critical thinking, communication, and teamwork.
- Individualized Planning and Support: We believe that engaging students 1:1 in planning and refining their course of study throughout their high school career prepares graduates for success in their chosen educational and career paths.
- Community Partnerships: We believe that close collaboration with local industry and postsecondary institutions provides students with access to work experiences, industry-recognized credentials, and post-secondary credit that set them up for immediate success upon graduation.
- Career and College Readiness: We believe that an explicit focus on the skills necessary in college and careers provides students with opportunities to receive feedback and develop these skills.

2.3 WEBSITE AND SCHOOL PERFORMANCE PLAN

For additional information about the SNTHS, please refer to the website at https://www.snvtradeshighschool.org/

3 INTRODUCTION

This manual serves as a reference for SNTHS regarding the topic of English Language Learners.

3.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of the EL Policy and Plan is to define procedures and specify program elements that provide English language acquisition for all English Learners at a level that ensures equal participation in all education programs. An effective policy, plan, and program, ensures the mastery of English literacy skills to meet all requirements for high school graduation.

3.2 PHILOSOPHY

We believe that all students deserve access to high-quality high schools that will meet them where they are, spark their passion for learning, and support them in reaching their academic and career goals. At Southern Nevada Trades High

School (SNTHS), we offer all of these in a unique environment that prepares young people for success in construction professions and postsecondary education. We believe that access to core academic subjects in the classroom (mathematics, English, science, and social studies) paired with hands-on career and technical education in workshops and at job sites (surveying, planning, plumbing, electrical, rough and finished carpentry, sheet rocking, roofing, etc.) combine to spark students' passions for learning by engaging them in multiple learning modalities that foster meaningful learning while simultaneously allowing students to identify their passions and strengths. Students learn from experienced teachers and expert trades people who are committed to ensuring that every student at SNTHS is successful.

Southern Nevada Trades High School aims to serve students and families in and around the 89110-zip code in East Las Vegas and Sunrise Manor, Nevada. By offering a dynamic learning environment in which students have access to high-quality academics and career technical training, as well as individualized support from the moment they enter until they reach graduation, the school's goal is to support all students to graduate. Immediately upon entering, all freshman students enter the Freshman Success Program, designed to orient students to high school-level expectations, guide them through successful completion of their first year of academic coursework, support their social emotional growth, and give them access to entry-level studies in CTE coursework so they can begin to design their own program of study from year one.

In ninth grade and beyond, students will have access to 8-week programs of study that meet all the Nevada criteria for graduation and offer in-depth CTE opportunities. Additionally, SNTHS engages students in planning their education through continuous 1:1 reflection and goal setting with college and career counselors, allowing students to take the lead in designing a course of study what will prepare them to graduate from high school ready for the college or career of their choice. Through the school's partnerships with the local community colleges, post-secondary programs, and industry leaders, students are prepared with such necessities as OSHA certification, college credit, and industry-credentialling that allow them to graduate high school immediately ready to enter well-paid careers or enroll in degree programs to further their education.

Along the way, students at SNTHS will have the extraordinary experience of learning the construction trades while designing and building custom construction projects from the ground up. Completing a project of this magnitude equips students with not only specific construction-trade related experience, but also valuable life-skills in critical thinking, communication, and teamwork. These unique opportunities for both traditional academic and experiential learning help to engage all students, from the most eager to those most at risk for dropping out. Our goal is to support every student who enters SNTHS, spark their passion for learning, and support them to graduation and their next steps in college and careers.

3.3 LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

All schools are required to have an English Learner (EL) Policy and Plan per Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 388.407. SPCSA schools will comply with obligations under the Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C.§ 1703(f) as well as Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act 20 U.S.C § 2000d et seq., and its implementing regulations at 34 C.F. R. part 100. Programs must be in compliance with NRS Chapter 385 and NRS Chapter 388 and the components that govern public schools. These programs and procedures must also be in compliance with Title III of the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015, Public Law 114-95. Additionally, this document provides instructions regarding compliance with Nevada Assembly Bill (AB) 195 from the 2021 legislative session that is known as the English Learner Bill of Rights.

3.4 BOARD APPROVAL

3.4.1 Board Approval

Each SPCSA school is required to have the EL Policy and Plan approved by their school board.

This manual was approved on: [INSERT DATE HERE]

3.4.2   Stakeholders

In addition to the board approval date, a list of names and roles of stakeholders who participated in the review process should be clearly noted in the EL Policy and Plan.

The following stakeholders participated in the review and approval process of this plan:

- Julie Carver, Executive Director
- Candi Wadsworth, Principal
- Brett Willis, Board Chair
- Rebecca Merrihew, Vice Chair & Facilities Chair
- Lisa Jones, Treasurer & Finance Chair
- Kelly Gaines, Secretary & Marketing Chair
- Tina Morgan, Academics Chair
- Amber Karweick, Board Member
- Kent Lay, Board Member
- Amanda Moss, Board Member
- Kelly Suiter, Board Member
- Dan Wright, Board Member
- Michael C. Van, Board Member

This manual contains:

- Information regarding the EL Bill of Rights.
- Information regarding the identification of EL students.
- Information regarding the Assessment of EL students.
- Information regarding eliminating achievement gaps and ensuring equitable access through:
    - Data.
    - Leadership and staffing.
    - Research-based curriculum.
    - Professional development/professional learning
    - Other educational programs for ELs
- Information regarding EL students with disabilities.
- Information regarding required parent communication and participation.
- Student participation in other educational programs.
- Links to all resources identified in this manual.
- Forms and documents used in conjunction with the EL program at the school.

3.5   DESIRED OUTCOMES

There are several desired outcomes that result from implementing a successful EL program within a school. It is desired that within our school:

- The EL Program is aligned with their goals and schoolwide plan to ensure equal access to the educational opportunities afforded to all students.
- All EL Students will attain proficiency and fluency in the English Language.
- All EL students will benefit from the educational programs available within their school.
- All EL students will achieve proficiency and mastery of content area curriculum.
- All EL students will graduate high school as college and career ready.
- All EL students will excel to high standards.

- The school will implement research-based, comprehensive, and aligned English language development curriculum for EL students.
- All teachers of EL students will utilize appropriate strategies for EL language instruction and participate in ongoing professional development to ensure quality instruction.
- The socio-emotional needs of EL students will be considered in schools in conjunction with language development and academic needs.
- The school will partner with parents and families through effective communication and a variety of opportunities for families to have input on topics relevant to their families.

3.6 DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

Throughout this manual you will encounter a variety of terms that are relevant to this process. Additionally, some items may be referred to using acronyms. Please review the following items to familiarize yourself with the terminology and acronyms used throughout this manual.

- English Language Acquisition and Development (ELAD) Endorsement: Teachers with the ELAD endorsement on their teacher license have extended knowledge of the theories of second language acquisition, contemporary issues related to the education of English language learners and emergent bilinguals, assessment of language learning, and methods for supporting the academic language development of linguistically diverse students. This endorsement is formerly known as the Teach English as a Second Language (TESL) endorsement.
- English Learner (EL) student: Refers to a student who has been determined to be an English Language Learner or Limited English Proficient (LEP) and is therefore entitled to receive services to overcome language barriers that impede his/her equal and meaningful participation in the school's instructional programs. English learner student-Speakers of other languages who are learning English; refers to learners who are identified as still in the process of acquiring English as an additional language. English Learner students may also be referred to as English Language Learners (ELLs) as this is the acronym used by WIDA for their assessment suite.
- English Language Proficiency: The level of competence at which an individual can use language for both basic communicative tasks and academic purposes.
- English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA): English Language Proficiency Assessment- umbrella term used by the Nevada Title III Office to identify the annual English language proficiency assessment given to English language learners. Currently the ELPA assessment in Nevada is the WIDA ACCESS.
- Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA): is the federal K-12 education law of the United States. ESSA was signed into law in 2015 and replaced the previous education law called "No Child Left Behind." It is a reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965.
- Evidence Based Interventions (EBI): Evidence-based interventions (EBI) are practices or programs that have evidence to show that they are effective at producing results and improving outcomes when implemented.
- Exited ELL: Refers to a student who was formerly an ELL but subsequently met the criteria for exiting the ELL Program based on a valid and reliable assessment of the student's English proficiency in each of the four (4) domains of speaking, listening, reading, and writing. An exited ELL is entitled to receive monitoring of his/her academic progress to determine whether the student has and maintains a sufficient level of English proficiency to succeed in mainstream classes without language acquisition services.
- Home Language: Language spoken in the home by caregivers and siblings who reside in the child's home; sometimes used as a synonym for primary language or native language.
- Home Language Survey (HLS): A screening tool used by schools upon student registration that determines languages that are spoken by the students.
- Individualized Education Program (IEP): A legal document under United States law that is developed for each public school child in the U.S. who needs special education. It is created through a team of the child's parent and district personnel who are knowledgeable about the child's needs.

- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA): The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is a law that makes available a free appropriate public education to eligible children with disabilities throughout the nation and ensures special education and related services to those children.
- Infinite Campus (IC): Infinite Campus is the Student Information System (SIS) used by all public schools in Nevada.
- Limited English Proficient (LEP): A federal term for English language learners who receive services and are tested from Title III funds. This term is being replaced with the term English Learner (EL).
- Language Instruction Educational Program (LIEP): a legal requirement for districts with students who are in the process of learning English as an additional language. A LIEP must be identified for each student.
- Model of Instruction (MOI): The LIEP is based on choosing an appropriate Model of Instruction (MOI) for each student. A list of models that may be used in the state of Nevada from the NDE is found on the document titled Language Instruction Educational Program (LIEP) Models in Nevada. One model of instruction should be selected for each student and when entered in Infinite Campus, the appropriate code should be entered from the list.
- Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS): MTSS stands for multi-tiered system of supports. It's a framework many schools use to give targeted support to struggling students.
- Native language: Primary or first language spoken by an individual.
- Nevada Department of Education (NDE): The Nevada Department of Education or NDOE, autonomous of the governor and the Nevada State Legislature, administers primary and secondary public education in the state of Nevada.
- Nevada Revised Statute (NRS): The Nevada Revised Statutes are all the current codified laws of the State of Nevada. Nevada law consists of the Constitution of Nevada and Nevada Revised Statutes.
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973: Section 504 forbids organizations and employers from excluding or denying individuals with disabilities an equal opportunity to receive program benefits and services. It defines the rights of individuals with disabilities to participate in, and have access to, program benefits and services.
- Section 504 Plan: 504 plans are formal plans that schools develop to give kids with disabilities the support they need. That covers any condition that limits daily activities in a major way.
- Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium (SBAC) Assessment: Adopted by the Nevada Department of Education, to measure K-8 students achievement of the Nevada Academic Core Standards (NVACS). The assessment system includes a rigorous computer adaptive summative test for grades 3-8 that provides accurate student performance and growth information to meet state and federal accountability requirements. In addition, optional computer adaptive interim assessments and formative resources aligned to the NVACs give teachers and principals the tools to help students meet today's college- and career-ready standards.
- State Public Charter School Authority (SPCSA): The State Public Charter School Authority (SPCSA) authorizes public charter schools across Nevada and is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of those schools to ensure positive academic outcomes for students and strong stewardship of public dollars.
- Statewide Plan for the Improvement of Pupils (STIP): Nevada law requires the State Board of Education to develop a 5-year strategic plan to improve the achievement of students enrolled in public schools across Nevada, officially referred to as a "Statewide Plan for the Improvement of Pupils". We often abbreviate this to "STIP". The Board must submit this plan, or a revised plan, on or before March 31 of each year. The STIP is prepared for the State Board's consideration by the Nevada Department of Education (NDE) and reflects feedback and input gathered from school districts, education partners, and stakeholders across the State. (These requirements are outlined in Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 385.111-113).
- Title III: Language Instruction of Limited English Proficient Students and Immigrants (2002). Title III under ESSA consolidates 13 bilingual, immigrant, and Native American education programs formerly known as Title VII (1994). The focus of the title is on assisting school districts in teaching English to EL students and helping EL students meet state academic standards.

- US Department of Education (USED): The U.S. Department of Education is the agency of the federal government that establishes policy for, administers, and coordinates most federal assistance to education.
- WIDA: Consortium joined by Nevada Department of Education that provides the state ELPA test, known as ACCESS, and provides extensive professional development on the comprehensive ELP standards that address the need for students to become fully proficient in both social and academic English.

4 THE EL BILL OF RIGHTS

[Assembly Bill (AB) 195 from the 2021 legislative session](#) requires information sharing by charter schools. This bill is also referred to as the "English Learner Bill of Rights". The full text of this legal requirement may be viewed by clicking the link in section 2.2 Legal Requirements, or section 6 of this manual that provides a summary of all links. As a result of this bill, schools must:

1. Provide parents of English Learners with a copy of the "English Learner Pupil and Parent Rights" and post the document to the school website.
   a. This information should be provided in English and in the parent's primary language upon enrollment or identification as an English learner. For students who did not receive this documentation at the time of enrollment or identification as an English learner, provide this documentation as soon as possible. When posted to the website, it should be posted in as many languages as possible, and at minimum, all the languages provided by NDE. These documents may be downloaded from https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/537 in multiple languages.
2. Post information to the school's website regarding the use of Title III funds.
   a. Schools must post to the website (and update annually), Post to your school's website (and update annually), information related to the way the school has used funds received pursuant to Title III of the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015. This information must be organized into categories of programs and services that the funds were used for, including the engagement of parents and families.
3. Include the following items in the school's EL Policy and Plan:
   a. Provisions for the identification of the primary language of each pupil enrolled in the school district at the beginning of each school year to assist in the identification of pupils who are English learners
   b. Provisions that ensure English learner students remain in a program for English learners until the pupil obtains language proficiency based on an appropriate assessment for pupils who are English learners, unless the parent or legal guardian of the pupil declines for the student to remain placed in a program for English learners.
4. A variety of data collection requirements are included as a part of the EL Bill of Rights. Schools must maintain accurate records in Infinite Campus at all times so that data is readily available when requested from SPCSA or NDE.

5 IDENTIFICATION OF ENGLISH LEARNER (EL) STUDENTS

All public schools are required to identify English Learner (EL) Students. Identification and Placement information can be found on the [Nevada WIDA site](#) in the "[Nevada English Language Learner Identification and Placement Guidance Document](#)" regarding identification and placement procedures.

5.1 HOME LANGUAGE SURVEY

Nevada requires a Home Language Survey (HLS) to be administered upon initial registration to all students [SBE3(a)(i), OCR & DOJ-Title VI 1964 and EEOA 1974, ESSA 3113(b)(2), NRS388.407(2)(a)].

The HLS may be issued online or by paper form. The results of the HLS should be recorded in Infinite Campus.

A template HLS is available at: https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/969

The HLS must include three basic questions to determine:

1. The native or first language of the child.
2. The language(s) spoken at home.
3. The language(s) used when speaking with peers.

If a language other than English is indicated for any of the questions on the HLS, the child must be screened to determine EL status.

At our school, the HLS is issued online/as a paper form. The ELL/ESOL Instructor is responsible for entering the results of the HLS into the student records in Infinite Campus. All three languages should be entered for any student who has listed at least one language that is not English in any of the three fields. A student who requires screening should have "Pending" placed in Infinite Campus for their EL status by the ELL/ESOL Instructor until they have taken the screener.

5.2 PRIOR SCHOOL RECORDS

One component of screening is prior school records. If a student has indicated a language other than English on the HLS and records from a student's previous school indicate an EL designation, the student should continue as EL if the student did not exit EL status at their previous school. Students who are continuing as EL from a previous school should not take the screener, they should be designated as EL.

If a student has indicated a language other than English on the HLS but records indicate that the student has exited EL with proper test scores, the student should not take the screener. They should be designated as a former EL as it is required to monitor former EL students for four years after exiting EL status. Students who have been exited for more than 4 years do not need to be monitored.

5.3 SCREENING ASSESSMENT

Students who were identified as speaking a language other than English by the HLS, must take the K-12 WIDA Screener to determine if they should be designated as an EL student.

The screener will be administered at our school by the ELL/ESOL Instructor.

5.4 PLACEMENT AND OPT OUT

Upon completion of the screening assessment, students should be designated as EL students according to the "Identification/Placement Criteria" found on the Nevada WIDA website, in the document called "Nevada English Language Learner Identification and Placement". Placement criteria is determined by NDE.

Upon completion of the screening assessment, the EL status in Infinite Campus should be updated from "Pending" to reflect the status of the student.

- If a student is eligible for services based on the screening assessment, the ELL/ESOL Instructor will enter the student's EL Program status in Infinite Campus as EL and enter the "Identified Date".
- If a student is not eligible for services based on the screening assessment, the ELL/ESOL Instructor will enter the student's EL Program status in Infinite Campus as "Not EL" and enter the "Identified Date".

All EL students are entitled to services. However, parents may choose to opt their children out of a school district's EL program or out of particular EL services within an EL program. Per the EL DCL Fact Sheet from the United States Department of Education (USED):

- School districts may not recommend that parents opt out for any reason. Parents are entitled to guidance in a language that they can understand about their child's rights, the range of EL services that their child could receive, and the benefits of such services. School districts should appropriately document that the parent made a voluntary, informed decision to opt their child out.
- A school district must still take steps to provide opted-out EL students with access to its educational programs, monitor their progress, and offer EL services again if a student is struggling.

At our school, if a parent chooses to opt out, the ELL/ESOL Instructor will update the EL status in Infinite Campus to reflect that the parent has chosen to opt the student out from services.

5.5   SCREENING, PLACEMENT, AND EXIT, RECORDS

Accurate records of screening, placement, and exit, for EL students must be maintained in Infinite Campus. NDE hosted several data workshops in May 2021 regarding best practices for data entry. It is highly recommended that schools view the recordings so that data is entered correctly, as these data workshops demonstrate how to enter all data that is required by NDE. A link to the recordings and the data workshop files are available using the links below.

- NDE EL Data Workshop Recordings
- NDE EL Data Workshop Zip Files

EL student records in Infinite Campus will be reviewed and updated on an ongoing basis. At our school, the ELL/ESOL Instructor is responsible for checking and entering/updating the following records for EL students in Infinite Campus:

1. Birth Country (should be entered for all students at the school regardless of EL status)
2. Date entered US (should be entered for all students regardless of EL status if the birth country is not the US)
3. Date entered US School (should be entered for all students regardless of EL status if the birth country is not the US)
4. First Language, Home Language, Language with Friends (should be entered for any student who identified a language other than English on the HLS in any field. All three items should be entered on the for these students even if some of the languages are specified as English)
5. EL Program Status (Pending, EL, Not EL, Exited EL-Reg, Exited EL-Alt)
6. Identified date (entered after the initial date that the student is deemed eligible by WIDA screener scores)
7. Exit date (entered after the student has received a proficient score on WIDA or is able to exit by Alternate criteria)
8. Parent Notified (should be updated annually when annual notifications are sent)
9. Parent declined (if the parent declines services check the box and enter the date)
10. EL Assessments (Most recent scores should be entered)
11. EL Services (A model of instruction should be selected for each student as this information is required by NDE and USED for the LIEP. Only one should be selected per student, and the start date should be the date of enrollment for the current school year. Refer to the Language Instruction Educational Program (LIEP) Models in Nevada document for the appropriate coding of the program(s) used at your school.)

6 ASSESSMENT

Once students have been screened and they are designated as EL students, a variety of assessments should be used that provide for the periodic reassessment of English proficiency and applicable content assessments of each EL qualified student.

6.1 STATE ASSESSMENTS

6.1.1 Placement/Screener Assessment

Nevada uses the WIDA Screener (for Grades K-12) to identify English language learners (ELLs).

6.1.2 English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA)

6.1.2.1 About the ELPA

The ELPA for the state of Nevada is the WIDA ACCESS for ELLs. This is the summative assessment. ACCESS for ELLs Online must be given to all EL students who are enrolled during the annual testing window, which typically lasts from early January through early March. The applicable assessment is administered annually to monitor students' progress in acquiring academic English. All ELs enrolled during the testing window must be assessed with the WIDA ACCESS 2.0., Kindergarten ACCESS, or Alternate ACCESS.

- Students in grades K-12 who have been identified as ELs take the WIDA ACCESS.
- Students with IEPs who take the WIDA ACCESS should be provided appropriate testing accommodations consistent with the accommodations listed in the IEP that have been determined by the IEP team. Information from WIDA regarding accommodations can be found in the following documents:
    o WIDA Accessibility and Accommodations Manual
    o ACCESS Online Accommodations Checklist
    o Kindergarten ACCESS Accommodations Checklist
    o Alternate ACCESS Accommodations Checklist
- The Alternate ACCESS for ELLs is designed to measure language proficiency of students with most significant cognitive disabilities per the students' Individual Education Plan (IEP). Students with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) may take WIDA Alternate ACCESS per the decision of the student's IEP team. IEP teams should follow their state's specific alternate assessment participation criteria. For additional guidance, view the Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Participation Criteria Decision Tree.

6.1.2.2 Administration and Scoring of the ELPA

The administration of the ELPA should be conducted per NDE Guidelines. The Testing Coordinator at each school is responsible for ensuring all procedures are followed per NDE adopted protocols. The ELPA is a high-stakes test requiring test security training and supervision by site administration, and it is required for irregularities to be reported per NDE guidelines. The WIDA The ACCESS for ELLs Checklist that is located on the Nevada WIDA site provides the guidelines that should be followed including:

- Procedures regarding how the test should be administered.
- Guidelines for what personnel should conduct each step of administration.
- Training courses that demonstrate how to administer the Online ACCESS, Alternate ACCESS for ELLs, Kindergarten ACCESS for ELLs.

The Kindergarten ACCESS and the WIDA Alternate ACCESS assessments are scored by the test administrator at the school. The Alternate ACCESS for ELLs: Administration and Scoring training course that is found on the ACCESS for ELLs Checklist includes important information about administering the Alternate ACCESS Field Test. All Alternate ACCESS Test

administrators must complete the Alternate ACCESS For ELLs Administration and Scoring training course and pass the certification quiz. The Online ACCESS for grades 1 – 12 is scored by the testing company, DRC.

Upon receipt of the scores the school must:

- Enter results for all students in Infinite Campus
- Communicate with the student's parents/family members regarding test results.

At our school, WIDA scores are entered into Infinite Campus by the ELL/ESOL Instructor Notifications regarding test results are sent annually to parents/guardians electronically/by us mail by the ELL/ESOL Instructor. The date of the notification is recorded in Infinite Campus by the ELL/ESOL Instructor.

6.2   LOCAL ASSESSMENTS

In addition to state assessments, SPCSA schools conduct:

- Formal Interim assessments which are chosen at the school level which are relevant to the school's instructional programs.
- Informal assessments and evaluations which evaluate EL students Academic Language Acquisition Progress are chosen at the school level and are relevant to the school's instructional programs.
- Classroom assessments that are chosen at the school level and are relevant to the school's instructional programs.

Our school uses the following assessments:

- Formal Interim Assessments:
  - **WIDA Online Assessment:** Online is an English language proficiency assessment for students in grades 1-12. As a flexible, on-demand assessment, this test can be administered at any time during the school year. Scores from WIDA MODEL Online can be used to predict student performance on ACCESS for ELLs. This assessment provides opportunities for students to demonstrate their English language proficiency in the four language domains: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing. Each of these domains is assessed separately.
  - **i-Ready:** Interim/Benchmark Assessment given 3 times a year (Fall, Winter, Spring), This exam will be administered at the beginning of each year to provide a benchmark for each student's reading and math levels. It will be administered two additional times to ensure that all students make at least one year of progress in these levels each year.
  - **Nevada's End-of-Course (EOC) exams**: State-mandated assessments for select courses. At SNTHS, the EOC exam will replace the final exam for courses with an aligned EOC exam. The exam counts for 15% of the students' grades.
  - **PreACT**: SNTHS will pay for registration fees for all students. We will use the results to identify areas where students need support to demonstrate proficiency on the ACT+Writing exam.
  - **ACT+Writing**: This is a state-mandated exam that all 11th grade students must complete to demonstrate proficiency on core academics. The results will be used to support students' growth and will be included each year in the school's report card.
  - **ACT WorkKeys**: This exam reflects students' preparation in CTE and leads to an industry-recognized credential, the National Career Ready Certificate (NCRC). The credential is a valuable CTE tool, which benefits students in their career search after graduation. We will support students to participate in this exam in their junior and senior years.

7 EQUITABLE ACCESS

Schools should design programs that eliminate achievement gaps and ensure equitable access to educational programs. The use of data, leadership and staffing, research-based curriculum, and professional development all are components of designing a program that provides equitable access. Additionally, schools should work to reduce any barriers that would prevent any student from fully participating in the school.

7.1 USE OF DATA

7.1.1 Placement

Data from the WIDA Screener is used for designating EL students as described in section 4.4 of this manual. Additionally, per the EL DCL Fact Sheet from the United States Department of Education (USED), School districts generally may not segregate students on the basis of national origin or EL status. Although certain EL programs may be designed to require that EL students receive separate instruction for a limited portion of the day or period of time, school districts and states are expected to carry out their chosen program in the least segregated manner consistent with achieving the program's stated educational goals.

7.1.2 Exit

The criteria for a student to exit from an EL program is specified by NDE and has been updated for the 2022 – 2023 school year. Beginning in 2022 – 2023, students may qualify for exit by receiving a qualifying score on WIDA or through an alternate pathway. Students should be exited as EL students according to the "Exit Criteria" found on the Nevada WIDA website, in the document called "Nevada English Language Learner Identification and Placement" in the section of the document titled "Identification and Placement." When a student has met the criteria for exit, the exit date recorded in Infinite Campus should be the last day of student attendance for the school year in which the student received a qualifying score to exit. A notification letter should be sent to parents at the beginning of the following school year, that the student has been exited.

When a student qualifies for exit, the score and exit date will be entered into Infinite Campus by the ELL/ESOL Instructor The status will be updated in Infinite Campus to "Exited EL – REG" or "Exited EL – ALT" dependent on whether the student exited by regular WIDA scores or by the alternate pathway by the ELL/ESOL Instructor. The notification letter will be sent to parents by the ELL/ESOL Instructor and the "Parent Notified" date in Infinite Campus will be updated to reflect the date that the parent was notified of exit at the beginning of the following school year.

7.1.3 Monitoring of Exited ELs

Exited ELs must be monitored per ESSA requirements and should be designated as Exited ELs in Infinite Campus. After 4 years monitoring is no longer required in Nevada. During the monitoring years, if the student is not making satisfactory academic progress on school level assessments including low scores on interim/benchmark assessments, D/F quarterly/semester grades, or other school assessments, then student needs should be assessed. If the results of the needs assessment show that the student is not making satisfactory progress because of a language barrier, the student should continue to receive EL services and a parent notification should be sent.

Exited EL Students will continue to be tracked and monitored by the EL department teacher and administration. Student's grades and progress on assessments (iReady, EOC) will be closely monitored and tracked to ensure students are not falling behind.

- What tools will you use to collect data - spreadsheets, Infinite Campus, iReady, EOC's, classroom grades and assessments
- Who is responsible for tracking and monitoring Exited ELs? EL Teacher and Administration

- What will you use as a needs assessment if a student is not making satisfactory progress? WIDA online Assessment will be used to determine if an exited students has fallen behind and needs to be reevaluated
- Who will send the parent notification if a student should continue to receive services and how will it be sent? Parent notification will be sent by paper and electronically in English and Spanish by the EL teacher.

7.1.4 Additional School Level Data

Our school collects and analyzes a variety of data. At our school, the following data will be analyzed to assist with determining the needs of students in our EL Program:

- **Classroom Assessment Data:** student's grades and results on classroom assessments will be monitored regularly throughout the year.
- **i-Ready:** Interim/Benchmark Assessment given 3 times a year (Fall, Winter, Spring), This exam will be administered at the beginning of each year to provide a benchmark for each student's reading and math levels. It will be administered two additional times to ensure that all students make at least one year of progress in these levels each year.
- **Nevada's End-of-Course (EOC) exams**: State-mandated assessments for select courses. At SNTHS, the EOC exam will replace the final exam for courses with an aligned EOC exam. The exam counts for 15% of the students' grades.
- **PreACT**: SNTHS will pay for registration fees for all students. We will use the results to identify areas where students need support to demonstrate proficiency on the ACT+Writing exam.
- **ACT+Writing**: This is a state-mandated exam that all 11th grade students must complete to demonstrate proficiency on core academics. The results will be used to support students' growth and will be included each year in the school's report card.
- **ACT WorkKeys**: This exam reflects students' preparation in CTE and leads to an industry-recognized credential, the National Career Ready Certificate (NCRC). The credential is a valuable CTE tool, which benefits students in their career search after graduation. We will support students to participate in this exam in their junior and senior years.

Our school will analyze data regarding our EL program using the following methods and procedures:

- WIDA Online Assessment: will be administered twice a year (Fall and Winter) to monitor EL students' progress. This assessment will align with our iReady assessments.
- Data will be recorded and tracked for both assessments to monitor student progress.
- EL Instructor will also track student progress during pullout session using anecdotal notes and short assessments that are aligned with the WIDA ELD Standards for students in 9th- 12th grade. This data will be entered into the students EL portfolio.

7.2 LEADERSHIP AND STAFFING

To eliminate achievement gaps and ensure equitable access to students, leadership and staffing are responsible for the implementation of an effective program.

At our school, each of the following positions perform duties essential to the EL Program. The name of the position and description of the duties relevant to the EL program are stated below:

- School Principal- monitor and support teachers and coordinator, meet with parents/students as necessary, oversee testing and assessments/
- EL Teacher/Coordinator- instruct students on WIDA ELD standards, administer assessments, track progress, act as a translator with needed, meet and communicate with parents.
- Classroom Teachers- instruct students in grade level content, work with EL Teacher to ensure students' needs and accommodations are being met.

7.3 CURRICULUM

Schools within SPCSA have the autonomy to select their own curriculum. Schools should select a research-based selection of curricula that considers the language development needs of ELs for both Tier I instruction and for supplementary materials.

At our school, we have selected the following curriculum for our EL students:

- We believe that through academic, career and technical education, and extracurricular opportunities we will prepare our students for successful employment, postsecondary education, and lifelong success. At SNTHS, our primary objective is to support students in earning a high school diploma by completing the Nevada Department of Education's (NDE) requirements for a standard high school diploma. Beyond that, we will support our students in earning college certificates and credentials from the local community college and College and Career Ready diplomas from NDE. This will be Tier 1 instruction that is for all students including EL students.
- WIDA English Language Standards along with WIDA Prime 2020 will be used by our EL Instructor to provide targeted instruction to our EL students during their designated pull out time

Schools should select Evidence Based Interventions (EBI). Evidence-based interventions (EBI) are practices or programs that have evidence to show that they are effective at producing results and improving outcomes when implemented. The kind of evidence described in ESSA has generally been produced through formal studies and research. Under ESSA, there are four tiers, or levels, of evidence:

- Tier/Level 1 – Strong Evidence: supported by one or more well-designed and well-implemented randomized control experimental studies.
- Tier/Level 2 – Moderate Evidence: supported by one or more well-designed and well-implemented quasi-experimental studies.
- Tier/Level 3 – Promising Evidence: supported by one or more well-designed and well-implemented correlational studies (with statistical controls for selection bias).
- Tier/Level 4 – Demonstrates a Rationale: practices that have a well-defined logic model or theory of action, are supported by research, and have some effort underway by an SEA, LEA, or outside research organization to determine their effectiveness.

Our school has implemented the following Evidence Based Interventions in our EL program:

- iReady Curriculum Associates
  - ESSA EBI Level: 2, 3, 4
  - Citation: https://www.curriculumassociates.com/
- WIDA Online Assessments
  - ESSA EBI Level: 2, 3, 4
  - Citation: https://wida.wisc.edu/assess/model/online

7.4 PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Goal 2 from the Nevada Statewide Plan for the Improvement of Pupils (STIP) is that "All students have effective educators." To meet Goal 2, NDE has identified the following strategies:

- Equity: Ensure effective educators in low-performing schools.
- Access to Quality: Provide quality professional learning.
- Success: Decrease licensed educational personnel vacancies.
- Inclusivity: Serve students in the Least Restrictive Environment.
- Community: Increase candidates in the educator pipeline.

- Transparency: Engage in effective communication.

Nevada's nine [Standards for Professional Development](#) are to be incorporated in the development, implementation, and evaluation of professional development trainings for educators employed by a school district or charter school. They should drive discussions and improvements focused on increasing educator effectiveness.

- **Learning Communities:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students occurs within learning communities committed to continuous improvement, collective responsibility, and goal alignment.
- **Leadership:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students requires skillful leaders who develop capacity, advocate, and create sup- port systems for professional learning.
- **Resources:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students requires prioritizing, monitoring, and coordinating resources for educator learning.
- **Data:** Professional learning that increases educator effective- ness and results for all students uses a variety of sources and types of student, educator, and system data to plan, assess, and evaluate professional learning.
- **Learning Designs:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students integrates theories, research, and models of human learning to achieve its intended outcomes.
- **Implementation:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students applies research on change and sustains support for implementation of professional learning for long-term change.
- **Outcomes:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students aligns its out- comes with educator performance and student curriculum standards.
- **Equity:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students focuses on equitable access, opportunities and outcomes with an emphasis on achievement and opportunity disparities between student groups.
- **Cultural Competency:** Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students facilitates educator's self-examination of their awareness, knowledge, skills, and actions that pertain to culture and how they can develop culturally responsive strategies to enrich educational experiences for all students.

Our school will address a variety of topics through professional development. These topics include:

- **Professional Learning Communities (PLCs): (NVPD Standards: Learning communities, Resources, Data, Learning designs, Outcomes)** *Learning by Doing: A Handbook for Professional Learning Communities* by Richard Dufour will serve as the guiding text for our PLCs. All teachers and staff members will read this book together, engaging in professional development led by a PLC expert who will be contracted by the school. This training will begin prior to the beginning of the academic year and will continue monthly for the entirety of our first year of operation. In years two and beyond, the training will be predominantly during the summer training period and through bi-weekly coaching of team leaders. All SNTHS staff must learn to use this time effectively for review of data, curriculum, and student progress is essential for the success of our school. In addition to the on-going PLC professional development during our first year of opening, PLCs will receive observation and coaching on their practices from the Principal and/or Executive Director on a bi-weekly basis to help improve the functioning of the group. This observation and feedback will begin in year one and will remain a key feature of PLCs moving forward.
- **Curriculum and Instructional Best Practices: (NVPD Standards: Resources, Learning Designs, Implementation, Outcomes)** Each teacher will receive a curriculum map and existing curriculum materials from ACE high school during summer PD. In addition to the materials, teachers will receive guidance and professional development from SNTHS's Principal on how to map the curriculum to the standards, how to revise curriculum based on student needs and data, and how to collaborate across disciplines to ensure an integrated experience for 55 students. The initial training will be during the summer training period and will continue through feedback from the leadership team throughout the year.

- **Ensuring Success for All: (NVPD Standards: Outcomes, Equity, Culture Competency)** Teachers will receive PD during the summer and throughout the year on PD days and Friday PD (as outlined on the matrix below) on the school's RTI and MTSS processes, differentiation of instruction to ensure all students learn, and supporting students with disabilities and those students who are learning English to success in academic and CTE classrooms.
- **Work-Based Learning (WBL): (NVPD Standards: Learning Communities, Leadership)** All teachers and staff members at SNTHS will receive professional development in WBL and how it can be most effectively implemented to benefit students. Included in this training will be the three principles of WBL and how they look at SNTHS including how they are reflected in our employability rubric, our emphasis on individualized support, and our focus on career and college readiness. Particular attention will be given to the employability rubric and how it will be utilized to provide students with regular feedback and opportunities for growth to ensure they are ready for success in college and careers.
- **School Culture: (NVPD Standards: Equity, Cultural Competency. Learning Communities)** Establishing a positive school culture that is aligned with our vision of sparking students' passion for learning while supporting them to be ready for success careers and college upon graduation is central to our work as educators at SNTHS. As such, significant time will be devoted in the week before school PD and throughout the year in PLC meetings and Friday PD sessions to ensuring that all staff are well-versed in our Five C's of Success, SEL curriculum, approach to Restorative Justice (RJ) and RJ practices, and our PBIS system. More detail about these programs is provided in the Student Culture and Student Discipline sections of this application.
- **Family Communication and Partnerships: (NVPD Standards: Cultural Competency)** Family and community partnerships are foundational to the success of SNTHS and our students. We will make it a priority for all staff members to be trained in cultural competence, specifically as it applies to building relationships with students and families. We will utilize local community resources as well as online modules developed by the National Education Association to promote our teachers'
cultural competence and growth.[33] This work in training teachers will be spearheaded by our ELL instructor.

7.5 OTHER EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS FOR ELS

According to the EL DCL Fact Sheet from the US Department of Education (USED), English learner (EL) students constitute nine percent of all public school students and are enrolled in nearly three out of every four public schools. Under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI) and the Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1974 (EEOA), public schools must ensure that EL students can participate meaningfully and equally in educational programs.

EL students must be provided meaningful access to all curricular and extracurricular programs. Per the fact sheet:

- EL students must have access to their grade-level curricula so that they can meet promotion and graduation requirements.
- EL students are entitled to an equal opportunity to participate in all programs, including pre-kindergarten, magnet, gifted and talented, career and technical education, arts, and athletics programs; Advanced Placement (AP) and International Baccalaureate (IB) courses; clubs; and honor societies.

At our school, all students including EL Students will attend grade level classes. Students regardless of classification will have access to all programs, career classes and extracurricular activities.

To ensure that all students have an equal opportunity to participate in programs such as those listed above, we will provide all information to students and families in English and in Spanish as well as electronically and paper based.

8 ENGLISH LEARNERS WITH DISABILITIES

According to the EL DCL Fact Sheet from USED there are also provisions for evaluating EL students for special education and providing dual services.

- EL students with disabilities must be provided both the language assistance and disability-related services to which they are entitled under Federal law.
- EL students who may have a disability, like all other students who may have a disability and may require services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, must be located, identified, and evaluated for special education and disability-related services in a timely manner.
- To avoid inappropriately identifying EL students as students with disabilities because of their limited English proficiency, EL students must be evaluated in an appropriate language based on the student's needs and language skills.
- To ensure that an individualized plan for providing special education or disability related services addresses the language-related needs of an EL student with a disability, it is important that the team designing the plan include participants knowledgeable about that student's language needs.

All schools are responsible for providing adequate supports to EL students with disabilities regarding language instruction and also provide any disability related accommodation.

USED has developed an English Learner Toolkit. Specifically, Chapter 6: Tools and Resources for Addressing English Learners with Disabilities provides a variety of resources for EL students with disabilities. From Chapter 6, the following set of tools is intended to help schools, LEAs, and SEAs in appropriately identifying and serving ELs with disabilities. The tools give examples of how schools can refer, assess, and identify ELs who may have a disability; how to write an IEP and select accommodations for ELs with disabilities; and how to compare data about EL students with disabilities from LEA to LEA.

- Tool #1, Referral, Identification, Assessment, and Service Delivery to ELs with Disabilities, includes recommendations about ELs with disabilities from states with large or rapidly growing EL student populations.
- Tool #2, Considering the Influence of Language Differences and Disability on Learning Behaviors, offers a matrix of learning behaviors organized by skill area (e.g., listening, speaking, reading, etc.) and the varying roles that language difference or disability can play in those behaviors.
- Tool #3, Developing an IEP for an English Learner with a Disability, is a list of questions to consider for ELs during the IEP-writing process.
- Tool #4, How to Use Data from the Office for Civil Rights' Civil Rights Data Collection (CRDC), provides instructions about how to access EL data at the LEA level, including data about ELs with disabilities.
- Tool #5, Selecting Appropriate Accommodations for Students with Disabilities, offers a list of "dos" and "don'ts" related to choosing accommodations for students with disabilities.

If an EL student if suspected of having one or more disabilities the student will be promptly evaluated by the LEA or School psychologist in their native language following the guidance of the English Learner Toolkit, Chapter 6. If students require disability related services, they will be provided to the student by a special education teacher in the students native language, if applicable. Student progress will then be monitored in English language proficiency and special education separately through out the year.

9 PARENT COMMUNICATION AND PARTICIPATION

9.1 ENSURING MEANINGFUL COMMUNICATION WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT PARENTS

Per USED as documented on the EL DCL Fact Sheet:

- LEP parents are entitled to meaningful communication in a language they can understand, such as through translated materials or a language interpreter, and to adequate notice of information about any program, service, or activity that is called to the attention of non-LEP parents.

SNTHS will send out all information to parents and stakeholders electronically and in paper form. All documents will be written in English and in Spanish. We will also have school personnel that are able to communicate with parents in their native language.

9.2 PARENT NOTIFICATIONS

All required notifications are listed below. Document templates for each item are provided within "Appendix B: Forms and Documents" at the end of this manual.

- EL Bill of Rights Documents
- Home Language Survey
    - o Note: The home language survey is provided during student registration and all families must complete this item.
- Initial Notification of Placement
- Annual Notification of Continued Placement
- Exit Letter
- Opt Out Form (for parents who choose to opt out of services)
- Reinstatement Form (for parents who have previously chosen to opt out of services but now would like them reinstated)

9.3 PARENT PARTICIPATION

SNTHS will make every effort to hire an ELL teacher and other staff who speak Spanish fluently. We will also contract for translation services so that all staff members at SNTHS can communicate directly with parents in their home language. We believe that to have meaningful relationships with families and students who do not speak English as a first language, we must be proactive in planning for translation and communication techniques that can promote the inclusion of parents of ELLS. Additionally, we will make sure all home-school correspondences are translated into Spanish and any other languages that are spoken by families at the school.

Family involvement is central to the mission and vision for the SNTHS community. Families of all students will receive direct communication from teachers on a regular basis, as well as communication from the school administration. We will ensure that all communication is made available to parents in their home language.

SNTHS will host quarterly parent meetings to discuss academics, upcoming school events, and how parents can best support students at home. We will have interpreters and bilingual staff at all events to assist parents. We will continue to partner with Latino Outreach Solutions to ensure we best serving our parents and meeting the needs of our community.

10 REFERENCES

The 2020 – 2021 El Plan and Policy from the Carson City School District which was provided by NDE, and Desktop Monitoring documents that from NDE which listed the desktop monitoring requirements were used as reference materials for determining the minimum compliance requirements that have been identified in this manual.

Additional reference materials have all been linked in within the text of this manual, and will be listed in "Appendix A: Links" of this manual.

11 APPENDIX A: LINKS

A variety of links have been provided throughout this manual and are listed below:

- SPCSA Strategic Plan
  - https://charterschools.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/CharterSchoolsnvgov/content/Families/Strategic%20Plan%202019_FINAL_ADA(1).pdf
- Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 388.407
  - https://www.leg.state.nv.us/nrs/nrs-388.html#NRS388Sec407
- Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C.§ 1703(f)
  - https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/20/1703
- Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act 20 U.S.C § 2000d et seq
  - https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/2000d
- 34 C.F. R. part 100
  - https://www2.ed.gov/policy/rights/reg/ocr/edlite-34cfr100.html#S1
- NRS Chapter 385
  - https://www.leg.state.nv.us/nrs/nrs-385.html
- NRS Chapter 388
  - https://www.leg.state.nv.us/nrs/nrs-388.html
- Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015, Public Law 114-95
  - https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/PLAW-114publ95/pdf/PLAW-114publ95.pdf
- Nevada Assembly Bill (AB) 195 from the 2021 legislative session
  - https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/NELIS/REL/81st2021/Bill/7586/Text
- Language Instruction Educational Program (LIEP) Models in Nevada
  - https://doe.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/ndedoenvgov/content/English_Language_Learners(ELL)/Models_of_Instruction_NV.pdf
- EL Bill of Rights Documents
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/files/525?module_item_id=537
- Nevada WIDA site
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/memberships/consortium/nv
- Nevada English Language Learner Identification and Placement
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/id-placement/NV-ID-Placement-Guidance.pdf
- Template HLS
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/files/1077?module_item_id=969
- EL DCL Fact Sheet
  - https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/dcl-factsheet-el-students-201501.pdf
- NDE EL Data Workshop Recordings
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/pages/recordings?module_item_id=552

- NDE EL Data Workshop Zip File
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/files/533?module_item_id=553
- WIDA Accessibility and Accommodations Manual
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/resources/accessibility-and-accommodations-manual
- ACCESS Online Accommodations Checklist
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/resources/access-online-accommodations-checklist
- Kindergarten ACCESS Accommodations Checklist
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/resources/kindergarten-access-accommodations-checklist
- Alternate ACCESS Accommodations Checklist
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/resources/alternate-access-accommodations-checklist
- Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Participation Criteria Decision Tree
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/Alt-Access-Participation-Criteria-Diagram.pdf
- ACCESS for ELLs Checklist
  - https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/checklists/NV-online-checklist.pdf
- Nevada Statewide Plan for the Improvement of Pupils (STIP)
  - https://doe.nv.gov/STIP/Nevada/
- Standards for Professional Development
  - https://doe.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/ndedoenvgov/content/Educator_Licensure/NVStandardsforPD.pdf
- English Learner Toolkit
  - https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english_learner_toolkit/OELA_2017_ELsToolkit_508C.pdf
- Chapter 6: Tools and Resources for Addressing English Learners with Disabilities
  - https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/oela/english-learner-toolkit/chap6.pdf

12 APPENDIX B: FORMS AND DOCUMENTS

- EL Bill of Rights Documents
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/537
- Home Language Survey (HLS)
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/969
- Initial Notification of Placement
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/990
- Annual Notification of Continued Placement
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/988
- Exit Letter
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/989
- Opt Out Form (for parents who choose to opt out of services)
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/991
- Reinstatement Form (for parents who have previously chosen to opt out of services but now would like them reinstated)
  - https://spcsa.instructure.com/courses/42/modules/items/992